### AMENDMENT NO. 5

### TO BE ATTACHED TO AND MADE PART OF GROUP POLICY NO.: 000010232171

ISSUED TO: Moravian University

It is agreed that the above policy be replaced with the attached Policy, which is revised and dated June 1, 2022.

The effective date of this amendment is June 1, 2022; but only with respect to disabilities incurred on or after that date. Nothing contained in this amendment shall change any of the terms and conditions of this Policy; except as stated above.

### THE LINCOLN NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Office of the file comments

Accepted by the Group Policyholder this	_ day of	20
Ву	_ Title	

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### Moravian University 000010232171 SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

### Moravian University 000010232171 SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS For

### Class 1 - All Full-Time Employees Working 30 Hours or more per week

MINIMUM HOURS: 30 hours per week

WAITING PERIOD: (For date insurance begins, refer to "Effective Date" section)

None

CONTRIBUTIONS: Insured employees are not required to contribute to the cost of the Long-Term

Disability coverage.

### LONG-TERM DISABILITY BENEFITS

BENEFIT PERCENTAGE: 60%

MAXIMUM MONTHLY BENEFIT: \$10,000

MINIMUM MONTHLY BENEFIT: \$100 or 10% of the Insured Employee's Monthly Benefit, whichever is

greater

Long-Term Disability Benefits for PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS will be subject to the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion on the Exclusion page.

The Maximum Monthly Benefit will not exceed the Benefit Percentage times Basic Monthly Earnings.

ELIMINATION PERIOD: 180 calendar days of Disability caused by the same or a related Sickness or Injury, which must be accumulated within a 360 calendar day period.

MAXIMUM BENEFIT PERIOD: (For Sickness, Injury or Pre-Existing Conditions): The Insured Employee's Social Security Normal Retirement Age, or the Maximum Benefit Period shown below (whichever is later).

Age at Disability	Maximum Benefit Period
Less than Age 60	To Age 65
60	60 months
61	48 months
62	42 months
63	36 months
64	30 months
65	24 months
66	21 months
67	18 months
68	15 months
69 and Over	12 months

OWN OCCUPATION PERIOD means a period beginning at the end of the Elimination Period and ending 24 months later for Insured Employees.

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### Moravian University 000010232171 SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS For

# Class 2 - All Full-Time and Regular Part-Time Employees Working 20-29 Hours per week hired before March 31, 2014

MINIMUM HOURS: 20 hours per week

WAITING PERIOD: (For date insurance begins, refer to "Effective Date" section)

None

CONTRIBUTIONS: Insured employees are not required to contribute to the cost of the Long-Term

Disability coverage.

### LONG-TERM DISABILITY BENEFITS

BENEFIT PERCENTAGE: 60%

MAXIMUM MONTHLY BENEFIT: \$10,000

MINIMUM MONTHLY BENEFIT: \$100 or 10% of the Insured Employee's Monthly Benefit, whichever is

greater

Long-Term Disability Benefits for PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS will be subject to the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion on the Exclusion page.

The Maximum Monthly Benefit will not exceed the Benefit Percentage times Basic Monthly Earnings.

ELIMINATION PERIOD: 180 calendar days of Disability caused by the same or a related Sickness or Injury, which must be accumulated within a 360 calendar day period.

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MAXIMUM BENEFIT PERIOD: (For Sickness, Injury or Pre-Existing Conditions): The Insured **Etophoy222** 3F2 jE Social Security Normal Retirement Age, or the Maximum Benefit Period shown below TQqn19/F2 12 Tf1 0 0 ETBT/F2

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### Moravian University 000010232171 SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS For

Class 3 - All Full-Time and Regular Part-Time Employees in a shared position working 20 hours or more per week

MINIMUM HOURS: 20 hours per week

WAITING PERIOD: (For date insurance begins, refer to "Effective Date" section)

None

CONTRIBUTIONS: Insured employees are not required to contribute to the cost of the Long-Term

Disability coverage.

### LONG-TERM DISABILITY BENEFITS

BENEFIT PERCENTAGE: 60%

MAXIMUM MONTHLY BENEFIT: \$10,000

MINIMUM MONTHLY BENEFIT: \$100 or 10% of the Insured Employee's Monthly Benefit, whichever is

greater

Long-Term Disability Benefits for PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS will be subject to the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion on the Exclusion page.

The Maximum Monthly Benefit will not exceed the Benefit Percentage times Basic Monthly Earnings.

ELIMINATION PERIOD: 180 calendar days of Disability caused by the same or a related Sickness or Injury, which must be accumulated within a 360 calendar day period.

MAXIMUM BENEFIT PERIOD: (For Sickness, Injury or Pre-Existing Conditions): The Insured Employee's Social Security Normal Retirement Age, or the Maximum Benefit Period shown below (whichever is later).

Age at Disability

Maximum Benefit Period

### **DEFINITIONS**

As used throughout this Policy, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated below. Other parts of this Policy contain definitions specific to those provisions.

**ACTIVE WORK** or **ACTIVELY AT WORK** means an Employee's full-time performance of all Main Duties of his or her Own Occupation, for the regularly scheduled number of hours, at:

- 1. the Employer's usual place of business; or
- 2. any other business location where the Employer requires the Employee to travel.

Unless disabled on the prior workday or on the day of absence, an Employee will be considered Actively at Work on the following days:

- 1. a Saturday, Sunday or holiday that is not a scheduled workday;
- 2. a paid vacation day or other scheduled or unscheduled non-workday; or
- 3. a non-medical leave of absence of 12 weeks or less, whether taken with the Employer's prior approval or on an emergency basis.

This includes a Military Leave or an approved Family or Medical Leave that is **not** due to the Employee's own health condition.

ANNUAL SALARY means the Insured Employee's BASIC MONTHLY EARNINGS or PREDISABILITY INCOME multiplied by 12.

**BASIC MONTHLY EARNINGS** or **PREDISABILITY INCOME** means the Insured Employee's average monthly base salary or hourly pay from the Employer before taxes on the Determination Date. The **"Determination Date"** is the last day worked just prior to the date the Disability befton Da5 1 0 451.21 Tm(INCOME)

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**ELIMINATION PERIOD** means the number of days of Disability during which no benefit is payable. The Elimination Period is shown in the Schedule of Benefits. It applies as follows.

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- The Elimination Period:

  - begins on the first day of Disability; and is satisfied when the required number of days b.

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### **PARTIAL DISABILITY** or **PARTIALLY DISABLED** will be defined as follows:

- During the Elimination Period and Own Occupation Period, it means that due to an Injury or Sickness the Insured Employee:
  - a. is unable to perform one or more of the Main Duties of his or her Own Occupation; or is unable to perform such duties full-time; and
  - b. is engaged in Partial Disability Employment.
- 2. After the Own Occupation Period, it means that due to an Injury or Sickness the Insured Employee:
  - a. is unable to perform one or more of the Main Duties of any occupation which his or her training, education or experience will reasonably allow; or is unable to perform such duties full-time; and
  - b. is engaged in Partial Disability Employment.

**PARTIAL DISABILITY EMPLOYMENT** means the Insured Employee is working at his or her Own Occupation or any other occupation; however, because of a Partial Disability:

- 1. the Insured Employee's hours or production is reduced;
- 2. one or more Main Duties of the job are reassigned; or
- 3. the Insured Employee is working in a lower-paid occupation.

During Partial Disability Employment, his or her current earnings:

- 1. must be at least 20% of Predisability Income; and
- 2. may not exceed the percentage specified in the Partial Disability Benefit section.

### **PHYSICIAN** means:

- 1. a legally qualified medical doctor who is licensed to practice medicine, to prescribe and administer drugs, or to perform surgery; or
- 2. any other duly licensed medical practitioner who is deemed by state law to be the same as a legally qualified medical doctor.

The medical doctor or other medical practitioner must be acting within the scope of his or her license. He or she must be qualified to provide Medically Appropriate Treatment for the Insured Employee's disabling condition.

Physician does **not** include the Insured Employee or a relative of the Insured Employee receiving treatment. Relatives include:

- 1. the Insured Employee's spouse, siblings, parents, children and grandparents; and
- 2. his or her spouse's relatives of like degree.

**POLICY** means this group insurance Policy issued by the Company to the Policyholder.

**POLICYHOLDER** means the person, company, trust or other organization as shown on the Face Page of this Policy.

**PREDISABILITY INCOME**—See Basic Monthly Earnings definition.

# **REGULAR CARE OF A PHYSICIAN** or **REGULAR ATTENDANCE OF A PHYSICIAN** means the Insured Employee:

- 1. personally visits a Physician, as often as medically required according to standard medical practice to effectively manage and treat his or her disabling condition; and
- 2. receives Medically Appropriate Treatment, by a Physician whose license and any specialty are consistent with the disabling condition.

**REGULAR OCCUPATION**—See Own Occupation or Regular Occupation definition.

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### **TOTAL DISABILITY** or **TOTALLY DISABLED** will be defined as follows:

1. During the Elimination Period and Own Occupation Period, it means that due to an Injury or Sickness the Insured Employee is unable to perform all of the Main Duties of his or her Own Occupation.

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2. After the Own Occupation Period, it means that due to an TjETBT/F2 12 Tf1 0 0 1 91.08 6vjETBT/F2 1

### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

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# **GENERAL PROVISIONS** (Continued)

Clerical error by the Employer:

- 1. will not void or terminate insurance that otherwise would be in effect;
- 2. will not result in insurance coverage that otherwise would not be in effect; and
- 3. will not continue insurance that otherwise would be terminated.

Once an error is discovered, a fair adjustment in premium will be made. If a premium adjustment involves the return of unearned premium, the amount of the return will be limited to the

### **CLAIMS PROCEDURES**

**NOTICE OF CLAIM.** Written notice of claim must be given during the Elimination Period. The notice must be sent to the Company's Group Insurance Service Office. It should include:

- 1. the Insured Employee's name and address; and
- 2. the number of this Policy.

If this is not possible, written notice must be given as soon as it is reasonably possible.

**CLAIM FORMS.** When notice of claim is received, the Company will send claim forms to the Insured Employee. If the Company does not send the forms within 15 days, the Insured Employee may send the Company written proof of Disability in a letter. It should state the date the Disability began, its cause and degree. The Company will periodically send the Insured Employee additional claim forms.

**PROOF OF CLAIM.** The Company must be given written proof of claim within 90 days after the end of the Elimination Period. When it is not reasonably possible to give written proof in the time required, the claim will not be reduced or denied solely for this reason, if the proof is filed:

- 1. as soon as reasonably possible; and
- 2. in no event later than one year after it was required.

These time limits will not apply while an Insured Employee lacks legal capacity.

Proof of claim must be provided at the Insured Employee's own expense. It must show the date the Disability began, its cause and degree. Documentation must include:

- 1. completed statements by the Insured Employee and the Employer;
- 2. a completed statement by the attending Physician, which must describe any restrictions on the Insured Employee's performance of the duties of his or her Regular Occupation;
- 3. proof of any other income received;
- 4. proof of any benefits available from other income sources, which may affect Policy benefits;
- 5. a signed authorization for the Company to obtain more information; and
- 6. any other items the Company may reasonably require in support of the claim.

Proof of continued Disability, Regular Care of a Physician, and any Other Income Benefits affecting the claim must be given to the Company. This must be supplied within 45 days after the Company requests it. If it is not, benefits may be denied or suspended.

**EXAMINATION.** The Company may have the Insured Employee examined:

- 1. by a Physician, specialist or vocational rehabilitation expert of the Company's choice;
- 2. as often as reasonably required while a claim or appeal is pending.

Any such exam will be at the Company's expense.

The Company may determine that (in its opinion) the Insured Employee has:

- 1. failed to cooperate with an examiner;
- 2. failed to take an exam scheduled by the Company; or
- 3. postponed such an exam more than twice.

In that event, benefits may be denied or suspended, until the required exam is completed.

# CLAIMS PROCEDURES (Continued)

**TO WHOM PAYABLE.** All benefits are payable to the Insured Employee, while living. After his or her death, benefits will be payable as follows.

- 1. Any Survivor Benefit will be payable in accord with that section.
- 2. Any other benefits will be payable to the Insured Employee's estate.

If a benefit becomes payable to:

- 1. the Insured Employee's estate; or
- 2. a minor or any other person who is not legally competent to give a valid receipt;

then up to \$2,000 may be paid to any relative of the Insured Employee that the Company finds entitled to payment. If payment is made in good faith to such a relative, the Company will not have to pay that benefit again.

**NOTICE OF CLAIM DECISION.** The Company will send the Insured Employee a written notice of its claim decision. If the Company denies any part of the claim, the written notice will explain:

- 1. the reason for the denial, under the terms of this Policy and any internal guidelines;
- 2. how the Insured Employee may request a review of the Company's decision; and

## **CLAIMS PROCEDURES** (Continued)

**Delay Notice.** If the Company needs more than 45 days to process an appeal, in a special case:

- 1. an extension of up to 45 more days will be permitted; and
- 2. the Company will send the Insured Employee a written delay notice, by the 30<sup>th</sup> day after receiving the request for review.

The notice will explain:

- 1. the special circumstances which require the delay;
- 2. whether more information is needed to review the claim; and
- 3. when a decision can be expected.

**Exception:** The Company may need more information from the Insured Employee to process an appeal. If so, it must be supplied within 45 days after the Company requests it. The resulting delay will not count towards the above time limits for appeal processing.

Claims Subject to ERISA (Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974). Before bringing a civil legal action under the federal labor law known as ERISA, an employee benefit plan participant or beneficiary must exhaust available administrative remedies. Under this Policy, the plan participant or beneficiary must first seek two administrative reviews of the adverse claim decision, in accord with this section. After the required reviews:

- 1. an ERISA plan participant or beneficiary may bring legal action under Section 502(a) of ERISA; and
- 2. the Company will waive any right to assert that he or she failed to exhaust administrative remedies.

**RIGHT OF RECOVERY.** If benefits have been overpaid on any long-term disability claim, the Company has the right to recover the excess from one or more of the following:

- 1. the Insured Employee, or his or her estate;
- 2. the Beneficiary, or his or her estate; or
- 3. an insurance company or other organization which has been overpaid.

Such reimbursement is required whether the overpayment is due to:

- 1. the Company's error in processing a claim;
- 2. the Insured Employee's receipt of Other Income Benefits;
- 3. fraud, misrepresentation or omission of relevant facts; or
- 4. any other reason.

**LEGAL ACTIONS.** No legal action to recover any benefits may be brought until 60 days after the required written proof of claim has been given. No such legal action may be brought more than three years after the date written proof of claim is required.

**COMPANY'S DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY.** Except for the functions that this Policy clearly reserves to the Policyholder or Employer, the Company has the authority to manage this Policy, interpret its provisions, administer claims and resolve questions arising under it. The Company's authority includes (but is not limited to) the right to:

- 1. establish administrative procedures, determine eligibility and resolve claims questions;
- 2. determine what information the Company reasonably requires to make such decisions; and
- 3. resolve all matters when an internal claim review is requested.

Any decision the Company makes in the exercise of its authority shall be conclusive and binding; subject to the Insured Employee's rights to request a state insurance department review or to bring legal action.

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This provision does not apply to residents of California.

### **ELIGIBILITY**

**ELIGIBLE CLASSES.** The classes of Employees eligible for insurance are shown in the Schedule of Benefits. The Company has the right to review and terminate any or all classes eligible under this Policy, if any class ceases to be covered by this Policy.

**ELIGIBILITY DATE.** An Employee becomes eligible for coverage provided by this Policy on the later of:

- 1. this Policy's date of issue; or
- 2. the date the Waiting Period is completed.

**Prior Service Credit Towards Waiting Period.** The Waiting Period is shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Prior service in an Eligible Class will apply toward the Waiting Period, when:

- 1. a former Employee is rehired within one year after his or her employment ends; or
- 2. an Employee returns from an approved Family or Medical Leave within:
  - a. the 12-week leave period required by federal law; or
  - b. any longer period required by a similar state law; or
- 3. an Employee returns from a Military Leave within the period required by federal USERRA law.

All other Policy provisions will apply.

Those Employees not employed with the Policyholder prior to the Policy Effective Date may apply for insurance and become covered in accord with the provisions outlined below.

#### **EFFECTIVE DATES**

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** An Employee's initial amount of coverage becomes effective at 12:01 a.m. on the latest of:

- 1. the date the Employee becomes eligible for the coverage;
- 2. the date the Employee resumes Active Work, if not Actively at Work on the day he or she becomes eligible;
- 3. the date the Employee makes written application for coverage and signs;
  - a. a payroll deduction order, if the Employees pay any part of the Policy premium; or
  - b. an order to pay premiums from the Employee's Flexible Benefits Plan account, if premiums are paid through such an account; or
- 4. the date the Company approves the Employee's Evidence of Insurability, if required.

Any increased or additional coverage becomes effective at 12:01 a.m. on the latest of:

- 1. the first day of the Insurance Month coinciding with or next following the date on which the Insured Employee becomes eligible for the increase, if Actively at Work on that day;
- 2. the date the Insured Employee resumes Active Work, if not Actively at Work on the day the increase would otherwise take effect; or
- 3. the date any required Evidence of Insurability is approved by the Company.

Any decrease will take effect on the day of the change, whether or not the Insured Employee is Actively at Work.

**EVIDENCE OF INSURABILITY.** Evidence of Insurability satisfactory to the Company must be submitted when:

- 1. an Employee makes written application for coverage (or an increased amount of coverage) more than 31 days after becoming eligible for the coverage; or
- 2. an Employee makes written application to enroll for coverage after he or she has requested:
  - a. to cancel insurance;
  - b. to t3;op p3m(to t3;op p3ma5 Tf1 0 c5.35 60.6 m674.6 l0l(must)(to thWnQqn0 132.6 m612 132.Tf1 6b13

## **EFFECTIVE DATES** (Continued)

**EFFECTIVE DATE FOR CHANGE IN ELIGIBLE CLASS.** An Insured Employee may become a member of a different Eligible Class. Coverage under the different Eligible Class will be effective:

- 1. on the first day of the Insurance Month coinciding with or next following the date of the change;
- 2. except as stated in the Effective Date provision for increases or decreases.

**REINSTATEMENT RIGHTS.** If an Insured Employee's coverage terminates due to one of the following breaks in service, he or she will be entitled to reinstate the coverage upon resuming Active Work with the Employer within the required timeframe. "**Reinstatement**" or "**to reinstate**" means to re-enroll for Policy coverage, without satisfying a new Waiting Period or providing Evidence of Insurability. Reinstatement is available upon:

- 1. return from an approved Family or Medical Leave within:
  - a. the 12-week period required by federal law; or
  - b. any longer period required by a similar state law;
- 2. return from a Military Leave within the period required by federal USERRA law;
- 3. return from any other approved leave of absence within six months after the leave begins;
- 4. return within 12 months following a lay off; or
- 5. return within 12 months following termination of employment for any other reason.

To reinstate coverage, the Employee must apply for coverage or be re-enrolled within 31 days after resuming Active Work in an Eligible Class. The reinstated amount of insurance may not exceed the amount that terminated. Reinstatement will take effect on the date the Insured Employee returns to Active Work.

If the above conditions are met, then:

- 1. the months of leave will count towards any unmet Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion period; and
- 2. a new Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion will not apply to the reinstated amount of insurance.

A new Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion will apply to any increased amount of insurance.

#### INDIVIDUAL TERMINATION

**INDIVIDUAL TERMINATION OF COVERAGE.** An Insured Employee's coverage will terminate at 12:00 midnight on the earliest of:

- 1. the date this Policy or the Employer's participation terminates; (but without prejudice to any claim incurred prior to termination);
- 2. the date the Insured Employee's Class is no longer eligible for insurance;
- 3. the date such Insured Employee ceases to be a member of an Eligible Class;
- 4. the last day of the Insurance Month in which the Insured Employee requests termination;
- 5. the last day of the last Insurance Month for which premium payment is made on the Insured Employee's behalf;
- 6. the end of the period for which the last required premium has been paid;
- 7. with respect to a particular insurance benefit, the date the portion of this Policy providing that benefit terminates:
- 8. the date on which the Insured Employee's employment with the Employer terminates; unless coverage is continued as provided below; or
- 9. the date the Insured Employee enters the armed services of any state or country on active duty, except for duty of 30 days or less for training in the Reserves or National Guard. (If the Insured Employee sends proof of military service, the Company will refund any unearned premium.)

**CONTINUATION RIGHTS.** Ceasing Active Work results in termination of the Insured Employee's eligibility for insurance, but coverage may be continued as follows.

- **1. Disability.** If an Insured Employee is absent due to Total Disability, or is engaged in Partial Disability Employment, coverage may be continued during:
  - a. the Elimination Period; provided the Company receives the required premium from the Employer; and
  - b. the period for which benefits are payable, without payment of premium.

Premium payments will be waived from the satisfaction of the Elimination Period until the end of the period for which benefits are payable. If coverage is to be continued following a period for which premiums were waived, premium payments must be resumed, as they become due.

- **2. Family or Medical Leave.** If an Insured Employee goes on an approved Family or Medical Leave, and is **not** entitled to the more favorable continuation available during Disability, coverage may be continued, until the earliest of:
  - a. the end of the leave period approved by the Employer;
  - b. the end of the 12-week leave period required by federal law, or any more favorable period required by a similar state law;
  - c. the date the Insured Employee notifies the Employer that he or she will not return; or
  - d. the date the Insured Employee begins employment with another employer.

The required premium payments must be received from the Employer, throughout the period of continued coverage.

- **3. Military Leave.** If an Insured Employee goes on a Military Leave, coverage may be continued for the same period allowed for an approved Family or Medical Leave. The required premium payments must be received from the Employer, throughout the period of continued coverage.
- **4. Lay-off or Other Leave.** When an Insured Employee ceases work due to a temporary lay-off, or due to an approved leave of absence (other than an approved Family or Medical Leave or a Military Leave); coverage may be continued for three Insurance Months after the lay-off or leave begins. The required premium payments must be received from the Employer, throughout the period of continued coverage.

# INDIVIDUAL TERMINATION (Continued)

Conditions.	In administering	g the above c	continuation(s),	the Employe	er must no	ot act so	as to	discriminate
unfairly amor	ng Employees in	similar situati	ons. Insurance	may <b>not</b> be	continued	when an	Insure	d Employee
ceases Active	Work dua							

### PREMIUMS AND PREMIUM RATES

### TOTAL DISABILITY MONTHLY BENEFIT

**BENEFIT**. The Company will pay a Total Disability Monthly Benefit to an Insured Employee, after the completion of the Elimination Period, if he or she:

- 1. is Totally Disabled;
- 2. becomes Disabled while insured for this benefit:
- 3. is under the Regular Care of a Physician; and
- 4. at his or her own expense, submits proof of continued Total Disability and Physician's care to the Company upon request.

The Total Disability Monthly Benefit will cease on the earliest of:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee ceases to be Totally Disabled or dies;
- 2. the date the Maximum Benefit Period ends; or
- 3. the date the Insured Employee is able, but chooses not to engage in Partial/Residual Disability Employment:
  - a. in his or her Own Occupation, during the Own Occupation Period; or
  - b. in any occupation, after the Own Occupation Period.

Proportional benefits will be paid for a partial month of Total Disability.

At the Company's option, Total Disability Monthly Benefit payments may also be denied or suspended on any of the following dates:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee (without good cause):
  - a. fails to take a required medical exam;
  - b. fails to cooperate with the examiner; or
  - c. postpones a required exam more than twice;
- 2. the 45<sup>th</sup> day after the Company mails a request for additional proof, if not given; or
- 3. the 45<sup>th</sup> day after the Company mails a request for proof of the Insured Employee's application for any Other Income Benefits to which he or she may be entitled, if not given.

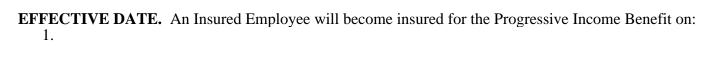
### **AMOUNT.** The amount of the Total Disability Monthly Benefit equals:

- 1. the Insured Employee's Basic Monthly Earnings multiplied by the Benefit Percentage (limited to the Maximum Monthly Benefit); minus
- 2. Other Income Benefits.

The amount of the Total Disability Monthly Benefit will not be less than the Minimum Monthly Benefit, unless the Minimum Monthly Benefit plus Other Income Benefits would exceed 100% of the Insured Employee's Basic Monthly Earnings.

The Benefit Percentage, Maximum Monthly Benefit, Minimum Monthly Benefit, and Maximum Benefit Period are shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

### PROGRESSIVE INCOME BENEFIT



### RESIDUAL DISABILITY MONTHLY BENEFIT

**BENEFIT**. The Company will pay a Residual Disability Monthly Benefit to an Insured Employee, after completion of the Elimination Period, if he or she:

- 1. is Disabled;
- 2. becomes Disabled while insured for this benefit:
- 3. is engaged in Residual Disability Employment;
- 4. is earning at least 20% of Predisability Income when Residual Disability Employment begins;
- 5. is under the Regular Care of a Physician; and
- 6. at his or her own expense, submits proof of continued Residual Disability, Physician's care and reduced earnings to the Company upon request.

The Insured Employee does not have to be Totally Disabled prior to receiving Residual Disability Monthly Benefits. The Elimination Period may be satisfied by days of Total Disability, Residual Disability or any combination of these.

The Residual Disability Monthly Benefit will cease on the earliest of:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee ceases to be Residually Disabled or dies;
- 2. the date the Maximum Benefit Period ends;
- 3. the date the Insured Employee earns more than:
  - a. 99% of Predisability Income, until Residual Disability Monthly Benefits have

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# RESIDUAL DISABILITY MONTHLY BENEFIT (Continued)

PROGRESSIVE CALCULATION MI	ETHOD. The Residual Disability Monthly Benefit is determined using
the Progressive Calculation Method.	This means the Residual Disability Monthly Benefit

#### OTHER INCOME BENEFITS

**OTHER INCOME BENEFITS** means benefits, awards, settlements or Earnings from the following sources. These amounts will be offset, in determining the amount of the Insured Employee's Monthly Benefit. Except for Retirement Benefits and Earnings, these amounts must result from the same Disability for which a Monthly Benefit is payable under this Policy.

**Workers' Compensation.** Any benefits for which the Insured Employee is eligible under a law that compensates for job related Injury or Sickness. This includes:

- 1. any Workers' Compensation or occupational disease law;
- 2. the Jones Act:
- 3. the Longshoreman's and Harbor Worker's Act;
- 4. the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages or Cure; or
- 5. any plan provided in place of one of the above plans.

It includes any benefits for partial or total disability, whether temporary or permanent. It also includes any benefits for vocational rehabilitation.

**Other Compulsory Benefits.** Any disability income benefits the Insured Employee is eligible to receive under any other compulsory benefit act or law. This includes (but is not limited to):

- 1. state temporary disability income benefit laws;
- 2. state no fault auto insurance laws; or
- 3. any other compulsory benefit act or law.

Other Insurance Plans. Any disability income benefits for which the Insured Employee is eligible under:

1. any other group insurance plan (except credit or mortgage insurance); or

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### OTHER INCOME BENEFITS (Continued)

**Estimating Offsets.** While a claim for Social Security or other Government Retirement Plan benefits is pending, the Insured Employee must elect one of the following options in writing. (If no written election is made, Monthly Benefits will be reduced in accord with Option 1.)

- 1. **Reduced Monthly Benefits.** The Insured Employee may receive Monthly Benefits reduced by estimated Social Security or other Government Retirement Plan benefits. The Company will adjust Policy benefits and will refund any underpayment, in a lump sum, upon receiving proof of:
  - a. the amount actually awarded; or
  - b. the claim denial and completion of any appeal the Company requires.
- 2. **Unreduced Monthly Benefits.** The Insured Employee may receive unreduced Monthly Benefits while the claim is pending. He or she must agree in writing to promptly refund any overpayment that results, in a lump sum, upon receiving Social Security or other Government Retirement Plan benefits. If he or she does not promptly refund an overpayment:
  - a. the Company will reduce or eliminate future payments; and
  - b. the Minimum Monthly Benefit will not apply, until the amount is repaid.

**Lump Sum Payments.** Other Income Benefits that are paid in a lump sum will be pro rated as follows.

- 1. The lump sum will be pro rated on a monthly basis, over the time period for which it is given.
- 2. If no time period is stated, the Company will continue its estimated monthly offset for that benefit, until full amount is offset.
- 3. If no estimated monthly offset was being made for that benefit, the lump sum will be pro rated on a monthly basis over a reasonable time period. It will not exceed 60 months or the Maximum Benefit Period (whichever occurs first).

**Cost-of-Living Freeze.** After the first deduction for each of the Other Income Benefits (except Earnings), its amount will be frozen. The Monthly Benefit will not be further reduced due to any cost-of-living increases payable under these Other Income Benefits.

### **EXCLUSIONS**

**GENERAL EXCLUSIONS.** This Policy will not cover any period of Total or Residual Disability:

- 1. due to war, declared or undeclared, or any act of war;
- 2. due to intentionally self-inflicted injuries;
- 3. due to active participation in a riot;
- 4. due to the Insured Employee's committing of or the attempting to commit a felony;
- 5. during which the Insured Employee is incarcerated for the commission of a felony;
- 6. during which the Insured Employee is not under the Regular Care of a Physician; or
- 7. after the Insured Employee has resided outside the United States or Canada for more than 12 consecutive benefit months for purposes other than employment with the Employer.

### **PRE-EXISTING CONDITION EXCLUSION.** This Policy will not cover any Total or Residual Disability:

- 1. which is caused or contributed to by, or results from a Pre-Existing Condition; and
- 2. which begins in the first 12 months after the Insured Employee's Effective Date.

"Pre-Existing Condition" means a Sickness or Injury for

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### SPECIFIED INJURIES OR SICKNESSES LIMITATION

LIMITATION. If an Insured Employee is Disabled primarily due to one or more of the Specified Injuries or Sicknesses defined below; then Partial or Total Disability Monthly Benefits:

- 1. will be payable subject to the terms of this Policy; but
- 2. will be limited to 24 months for any one period of Disability; unless the Insured Employee is confined to a Hospital.

"Specified Injuries or Sicknesses" include any Mental Sickness, as defined below.

#### **CONDITIONS**

- 1. If the Insured Employee is confined in a Hospital at the end of the 24<sup>th</sup> month for which Policy benefits are paid for the Specified Injury or Sickness; then benefits will be payable until he or she is discharged from that facility.
- 2. In no event will the Monthly Benefit be paid beyond the Maximum Benefit Period shown in the Schedule of Insurance, however.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

"Hospital," as used in this provision, means:

- 1. a general hospital which:
  - (a) is licensed, approved or certified by the state where it is located;
  - (b) is recognized by the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Hospitals; or
  - (c) is operated to treat resident inpatients; has a registered nurse always on duty; and has a lab, x-ray facility and place where major surgery is performed; and
- 2. a skilled nursing care facility or unit, which provides convalescent or nursing care; and which is recognized as a skilled nursing care facility under Medicare.

The term Hospital also includes:

1. a Mental Hospital when treatment is for a Mental Sickness.

"Mental Hospital" means a health care facility (or its psychiatric unit) which:

- 1. is licensed, certified or approved as a mental hospital by the state where it is located;
- 2. is equipped to treat resident inpatients' mental diseases or disorders; and
- 3. has a resident psychiatrist on duty or on call at all times.

"Mental Sickness" means any emotional, behavioral, psychological, personality, adjustment, mood or stress-related abnormality, disorder, disturbance, dysfunction or syndrome; regardless of its cause. It includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder;
- 2. bipolar affective disorder, manic depression, or other psychosis; and
- 3. obsessive-compulsive, depressive, panic or anxiety disorders.

These conditions are usually treated by a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist or other qualified mental health care provider. Treatment usually involves psychotherapy, psychotropic drugs or similar methods of treatment.

Mental Sickness does not include irreversible dementia resulting from:

- 1. stroke, trauma, viral infection, Alzheimer's disease; or
- 2. other conditions which are not usually treated by a mental health care provider using psychotherapy, psychotropic drugs, or similar methods of treatment.

**Specified Limit** 

### **VOLUNTARY VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION BENEFIT PROVISION**

BENEFIT. If an Insured Employee is Disabled and is receiving Policy benefits; then he or she may be eligible for a Vocational Rehabilitation Benefit. This Benefit consists of services which may include:

- . vocational evaluation, counseling, training or job placement;
- 2. job modification or special equipment; and
- 3. other services which the Company deems reasonably necessary to help the Insured Employee return to work.

The Company will determine the Insured Employee's eligibility and the amount of any Benefit payable.

ELIGIBILITY. An Insured Employee may be eligible for this Benefit, if the Company finds that he or she:

1. has a Disability that prevents the performance of his or her regular occupation; and, after the

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### PRIOR INSURANCE CREDIT UPON TRANSFER OF INSURANCE CARRIERS

To prevent loss of coverage for an Employee because of a transfer of insurance carriers, this Policy will provide Prior Insurance Credit for employees insured under the prior carrier's policy on its termination date as follows.

FAILURE TO BE ACTIVELY-AT-WORK DUE TO INJURY OR SICKNESS. Subject to premium payments, this Policy will provide coverage to an Employee:

- 1. who was insured by the prior carrier's policy at the time of transfer; and
- 2. who was not Actively-At-Work due to Injury or Sickness on this Policy's Effective Date.

The coverage will be that provided by the prior carrier's policy, had it remained in force. The Company will pay:

- 1. the benefit that the prior carrier would have paid; minus
- 2. any amount for which the prior carrier is liafit that the prio. 532.81 Tm(1.) TjETBT/F2 12efc0iafit that thdBT/

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### **FAMILY INCOME BENEFIT**

The Company will pay a lump sum benefit to the Eligible Survivor when proof is received that an Insured Employee died:

- 1. after Disability had continued for 180 or more consecutive days; and
- 2. while receiving a Monthly Benefit.

The benefit will be equal to three times the Insured Employee's Last Monthly Benefit.

"Last Monthly Benefit" means the gross Monthly Benefit which:

- 1. was payable to the Insured Employee immediately prior to death; or
- 2. would have been payable to the Insured Employee had he or she survived until the end of the 30-day benefit period in which death occurred.

Any reductions for Other Income Benefits, or for earnings from Partial Disability Employment, will not apply.

"Eligible Survivor" means the Insured Employee's:

- 1. surviving spouse; or, if none
- 2. surviving children who are under age 25 on the Insured Employee's date of death.

If payment becomes due to the Insured Employee's surviving children, then payment will be made:

- 1. in equal shares to the children; or their legal or court appointed guardian, if any; or
- 2. to the Insured Employee's estate on the children's behalf.

This payment will be valid and effective against all claims by others representing, or claiming to represent, the children.

## RETIREMENT PROTECTION BENEFIT (Continued)

**Prior Insurance Credit.** Prior Insurance Credit will be applied toward satisfying the Pre-Existing Condition Limitation under this Retirement Protection Benefit provision if a similar benefit was included under the Employer's prior group long term disability plan in which the Insured Employee was covered on the date prior to the effective date of this provision.

### **DEFINITIONS**, as used in this provision.

"Employer Sponsored Qualified Plan" includes, but is not limited to, a 401(k), 403(b), 457, Money Purchase Plan, Profit Sharing Plan, ESOP, or Stock Plan. It does not include an individual retirement account (IRA) or a non-qualified plan of deferred compensation.

"Pre-Existing Condition" means a Sickness or Injury for which the Insured Employee received Treatment within 3 months prior to the Insured Employee's effective date under this Retirement Protection Benefit provision.

"**Treatment**" means consultation, care or services provided by a Physician. It includes diagnostic measures and the prescription, refill of prescription, or taking of any prescribed drugs or medicines.

**OTHER PROVISIONS.** Unless stated otherwise, this benefit will be subject to all the Definitions, Exclusions, Claims Procedures, Waiver of Premium and other provisions of this Policy.

### FAMILY CARE EXPENSE BENEFIT

# FAMILY CARE EXPENSE BENEFIT (Continued)

### "Dependent" means the Insured Employee's:

- 1. legal spouse, who is:
  - a. living with the Insured Employee; and
  - b. Incapable of Independent Living due to a mental or physical condition;
- 2. Child less than age 16;
- 3. unmarried Child age 16 years or older, who is:
  - a. living with the Insured Employee; and
  - b. Incapable of Independent Living due to a mental or physical condition; or
- 4. parent or parent-in-law, who is:
  - a. living with the Insured Employee; and
  - b. Incapable of Independent Living due to a mental or physical condition.

"Family Care Expense" means an expense for the care of a Dependent, charged by a licensed care provider who:

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# NOTICE OF PROTECTION PROVIDED BY PENNSYLVANIA LIFE AND HEALTH INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION